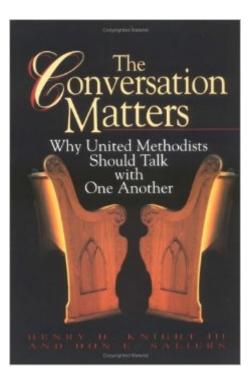
The Conversation Matters





Book Information

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Customer Reviews

Itâ Â[™]s been more than a decade and a half and five General Conferences since Henry Knight and Don Saliers wrote The Conversation Matters: Why United Methodists Should Talk with One Another. Their plea is every bit as, if not more, relevant today as it was when they wrote this book. I donâ Â™t think it is a stretch to assert that we, as United Methodists and as U.S. Americans, are more partisan and divided today than we were in 1999. As we look at the 2016 United Methodist General Conference and the way the fall presidential campaigns are shaping up, we need to hear their plea for conversation once again. The Conversation Matters is a plea for United Methodists of all persuasions to engage in meaningful theological conversations. The purpose of these conversations, for Knight and Saliers, is not to reach uniformity. Rather, because of the Methodist history with Christian conferencing, the authors propose that people of differing sides have sustained dialogues to discern a future together. The book is split into two parts, drawing upon two of Wesleyâ Â™s conference topics: â ÂœWhat to Teachâ Â• explores the necessity of doctrine and its role for John Wesley and for today. A¢Â œHow to TeachA¢Â • looks at civility as a virtue, the need for dialogue, and the necessity of Christian conferencing. The authors write, â ÂœOur proposal is: Christian doctrine matters, but we must learn again to â Â^conference,â Â™ and here is a way to proceed undogmatically, faithful to Wesleyan sourcesâ Â• (page 12).Coming from divergent sides, though not extremes, of the theological and United Methodist spectrum, Knight and Saliers maintain a tension throughout the book. They

acknowledge that within the United Methodist Church, the doctrinal differences are real, they matter, and they $\tilde{A}\phi \hat{A}$ \hat{A} are quire our sustained attention and conversation $\tilde{A}\phi \hat{A}$ \hat{A} (64). The authors attempt to honor a variety of United Methodist positions. Thus, they argue, on the one hand, that,

 \tilde{A} ¢ \hat{A} \hat{A} œwe must face the fact that many United Methodists drink deeply of the waters of modernity and embrace theological innovation \tilde{A} ¢ \hat{A} \hat{A} • (57) and, on the other, that,

â ÂœDiscernmentâ Â|goes beyond the simple repeating ofâ Â|doctrines in their past conceptual frameworksâ Â• (28). As well, they contend that United Methodism is both conciliar (communal approach to doctrine) and confessional (reflect theologically in line with historic doctrines).The authors discuss â ÂœIn Search of Unityâ Â•

(http://www.umaffirm.org/cornet/unity.html), which grew out of meetings in the late 1990s discussing the churchâ Â[™]s disagreements over human sexuality. They point to a key guestion underneath the three perspectives they discern from those meetings: â ÂœHow do you know?â Â• Their exploration and commentary on these approaches is instructive though concise. They conclude â ÂœThere can be little doubt that United Methodist, like many other denominations today, is divided not just over opinions but over essentialsâ Â• (52). As grim as their conclusion is, it names the tension that has been all too apparent at the General Conferences since the bookâ Â[™]s publication. They certainly recognize that what they advocate is not easy. They call for civility, dialogue, and Christian conferencing. Being the respected scholars they are, they acknowledge that while calling for Christian conferencing, they are not using that term exactly as Wesley used it. The distinction is that Wesleyâ Â[™]s use has to do more with a strategy or â Âœmethodicalâ Â• growth for holiness. They write, â ÂœWe will, in short, have to do something that John Wesley neither imagined nor desired: We will have to conference together about the essentials of Christianity and the distinctive doctrines of United Methodism, as well as how we determine what is essential to Christian or United Methodist identity â Â• (57). They also note the need for appropriate tone in giving four characteristics of conferencing: â Âœcareful listening, building trust, a context of prayer for all, and getting some distance on our own blind spots and prejudicesâ Â• (89). They assert that â Âœcivilâ Â• yet honest conversation will lead us deeper in compassion and theological conviction. They spend a good deal of time promoting civility as a Christian virtue. While the need to speak with more â Âœcivilityâ Â• is valid, that language seems to be grounded in political terms rather than theological ones. They attempt to merge those spheres, â ÂœCivility is one form love must take in our relationships with others, including when we disagreeâ Â• (64) and â ÂœCivility is about respecting and listening to one another. But at its heart is about love. â Â•While manner and tone of conversation is vitally

important to bringing depth and integrity to these sorts of conversations. I am not convinced that â Âœcivilityâ Â• is the best term. Additionally, the focus on civility keeps the book on the level of manners (how) for conversation instead of aim (growth in holiness). They do challenge us, however: â ÂœThis book calls for deeper listening and speaking that go beyond liberal tolerance or simply civility â Â• (54-55). They also call for â Âœprayerful listening, â Â• truth telling, calling out our disagreements, and A¢Â Aœdiscernment.A¢Â A•I think the authors would agree with the basic premise of what Iâ Â[™]ve tried to advocate with the Courageous Conversations project. It is through deep humility and conviction and in a posture of curiosity for learning and being dependent upon the Holy Spiritâ Â[™]s guidance that the community can discern something beyond and greater than itself. While Courageous Conversations has a slightly different aim from that of The Conversation Matters, the aims are not competing. Courageous Conversations is fundamentally a project targeted for adult learning. The Conversation Matters is more about tone, empathy, and mutuality drawing upon a Wesleyan framework. There are other areas where the book and the Courageous Conversations project overlap. For instance, the writers assert, A¢Â œWhen we turn from the â Â[^]winner take allâ Â[™] mentality, to a â Â[^]what can I learn from our disagreements.â Â[™] a startling transformation is possibleâ Â• (86). That transformation is both discerning the guidance of the Holy Spirit and being a disciple who learns. Much of their book is spent trying to convince us of the the need for having theologically based difficult conversations, which is to be commended. However, there are only a few practical suggestions at the end of the book and a couple of illustrations. The Courageous Conversations project does provide practical resources. But the aim of the book is worthy in that it will take no small about of persuasion to convince those from all perspectives that their voices are needed and that participants will grow through such interactions. I recommend The Conversation Matters both in terms of its plea, for its rich theological content, and for its attempt to name various doctrinal perspectives. What was needed in 1999 is still needed following the Council of Bishopsâ Â™ appeal at General Conference.I conclude with the authorsâ Â™ admonishment, which draws upon Jesusâ Â™ words in John 13:35: A¢A AœHow we treat one another in the midst of controversy is not a sign of how strongly we are committed to our position, but how deeply we are committed to Jesus Christâ Â• (73).

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